

Today's Discussion

- Meeting Topics
 - Stream Restoration Overview
 - Croydon Creek/Calvin Park Project Goals
 - Existing Conditions what it looks like now
 - Proposed Conditions what it will look like during construction
 - Proposed Conditions what it will look like after construction
 - Timeline
- Field Walk



Stream Restoration

Reasons for stream degradation:

- Urban area
- Development and land use changes
- Erodible stream banks
- Existing dam

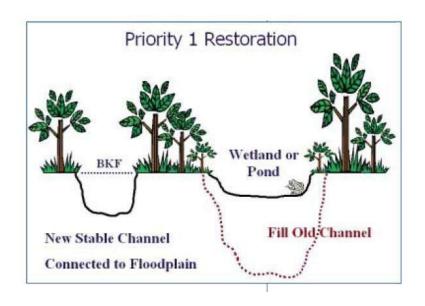


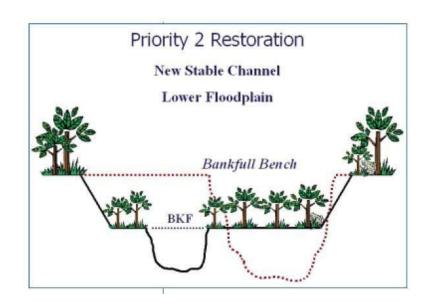




Stream Restoration

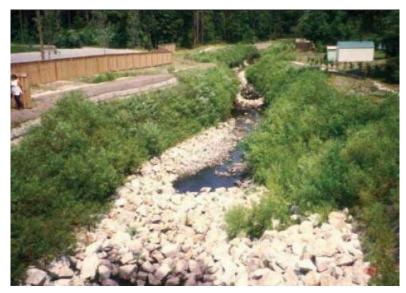
- Various types of restoration approaches
- Priority Levels for restoring channels







Stream Restoration



Priority 4 - Harden Channel in Place

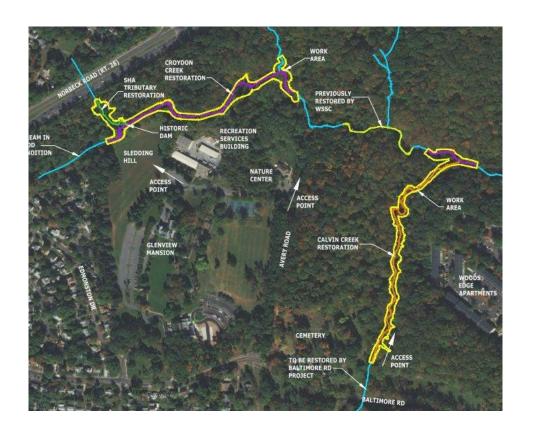
 The City has selected methods to minimize impacts to the forest and surrounding park.



Natural Channel Design - Priority 2/3

Restoring Croydon Creek / Calvin Park

 Enhance approximately 4,000 linear feet of the Croydon Creek and Calvin Park Tributaries to Rock Creek





Project Goals

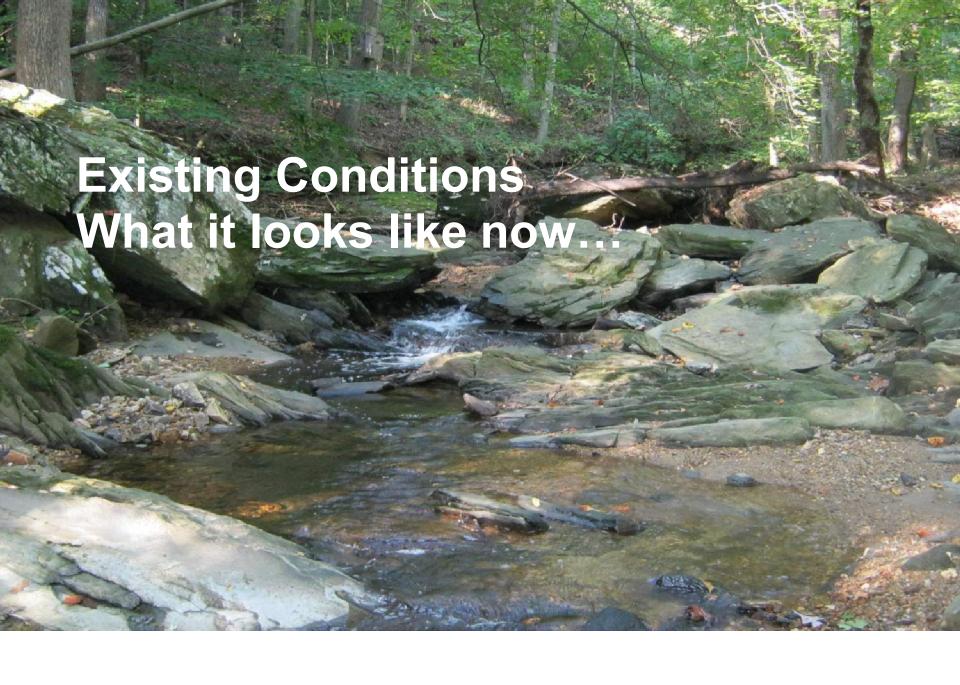
- Long-term protection for the City's streams
- Stabilize the three tributaries
- Floodplain connectivity
- Buffer restoration
- Improve habitat
- Reduce erosion
- Reduce pollutants from erosion
- Protect forest
- Protect the park and walking trails





Currently Completed

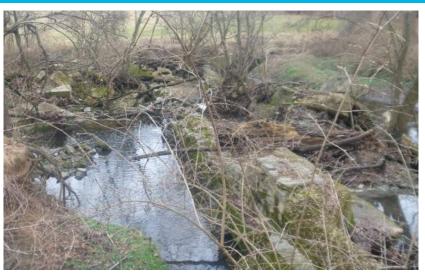
- ✓ Topographic Survey
- ✓ Forest Stand Delineation
- ✓ Geomorphic Stream Assessment
- ✓ Wetland Assessment
- ✓ Final Design Plans
- ✓ Coordination with State and Federal Agencies
- ✓ Approved Permits Issued
- ✓ Obtained All Easements and Agreements



Croydon Creek

- Existing dam—over-widened channel, debris jam and rubble
- Steep eroding stream banks
- No floodplain access
- Tight meander bends







SHA Tributary

- Gully channel
- Erosion at culvert pipe
- Steep eroding stream banks
- No floodplain access







Calvin Tributary

- Steep eroding stream banks
- Over-enlarged channel
- No floodplain access











Tree Protection



Construction Access



Stream Diversion



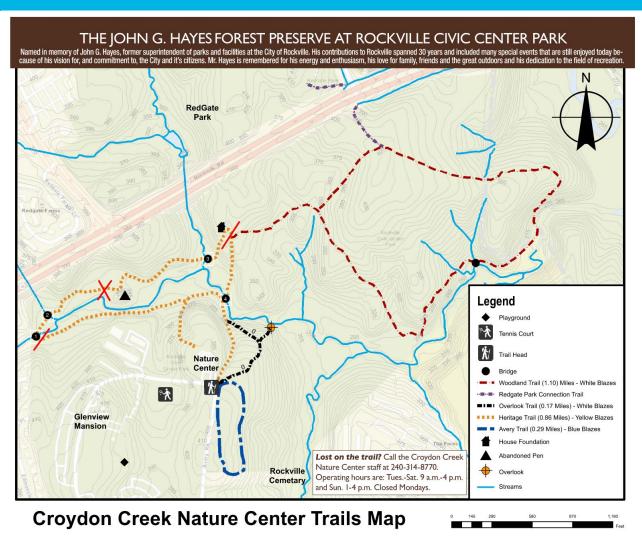
Staging and Stockpiling



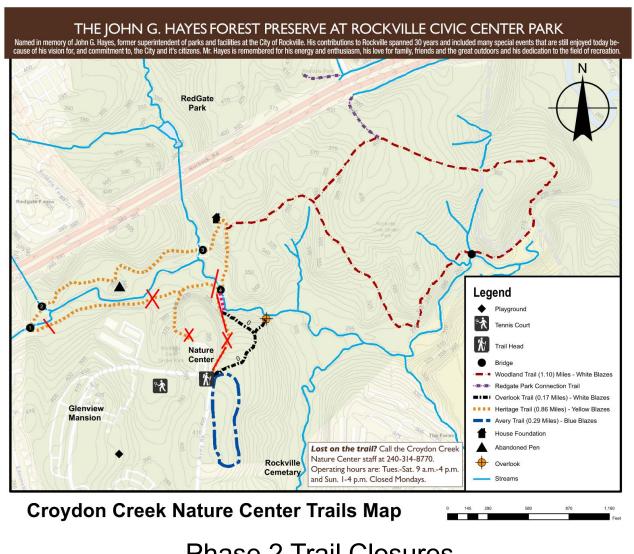
Post Construction



Planting and Landscaping



Phase 1 Trail Closures



Phase 2 Trail Closures



Examples of our techniques



Constructed Riffles

Regenerative Storm Conveyance (RSC)



Examples of our techniques



Bank stabilization/vegetation

Boulder Revetment



Croydon Creek Tributary

- Removal of dam and re-establish natural channel
- Install riffle grade controls
- Protect and establish vegetation







Croydon Creek Tributary

Stabilize and vegetate eroding stream banks - Wrapped Soil Lifts









Croydon Creek Tributary

Tie into previous restoration reach



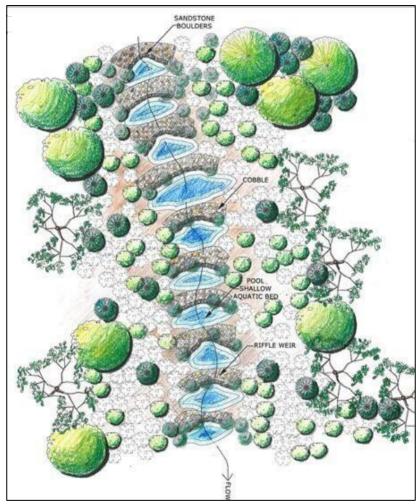


SHA Tributary

Regenerative Storm Conveyance (RSC)

- Riffle steps and pools slow down stream flow
- Reduce bank erosion
- Provide floodplain connection





SHA Tributary

Create vernal pools next to stream: Temporarily wet areas provide habitat for frogs and other amphibians









Calvin Tributary

- Install riffle weirs
- Requires minimal grading and disturbance
- Minimizes tree loss
- Wrapped soil lifts
- Tie-in to cemetery property







Calvin Tributary

Create vernal pools in old sections of channel:











Stream Restoration Project Timeline

- 60% Designs Fall 2018
- 90% Designs and Community Meeting
 Winter 2019
- Final Designs Spring 2019
- Start of Construction Summer 2025
- Project Completion 2026



Approximately \$5.25M for project construction. \$2M State of Maryland Department of Natural Resources Chesapeake and Atlantic Coastal Bays Trust Fund grant in-hand.

